The Secret of Success
European SMEs
as International Champions
2012-13
Welcome to the 2012-13 edition of the ‘Secret of Success’! The inspirational entrepreneurs in this year’s Secret of Success brochure prove that you do not have to start big to have a big impact. They are all small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) who have made a ‘big splash’ in developing international business – they are truly our ‘international champions’!

International success is within the reach of SMEs and it is strategically more important than ever that even small businesses consider going international. Businesses which take on the challenge of looking beyond the immediate horizon to pursue international opportunities are more competitive, more innovative, and these qualities can become a virtuous circle, leading to ever greater success.

We are at a point in history when the pursuit of growth opportunities must lead us to look beyond our traditional markets and local areas for collaboration. The highest growth rates may be in areas we have not looked to before, but they are not beyond our reach. Ever-advancing and more affordable technology means that designers, managers, marketing experts, and sales people can collaborate in new ways to develop business potential and to serve markets and customers around the world, even if they are distant from each other and may not even share a common home base.

These developments mean that internationalisation represents a great source of untapped potential for our small and medium-sized businesses. So far only one-quarter of European SMEs export beyond the borders of their home country and even fewer – some 13% – export outside Europe.

This is an important reminder that, at the end of this year, we can celebrate 20 years of the Single Market. The lifting of physical border and customs controls between EU countries that occurred on 1 January 1993 has created the world’s largest integrated market, with more opportunities for European companies. It has contributed to up to 3 million additional jobs in Europe since 1993.

But fragmentation of national markets still exists; here too there is a lot of untapped growth potential. For instance, the single market is not yet complete for on-line commerce and many service providers encounter obstacles and bureaucracy when trying to expand beyond their home country.

The single market offers a good platform for European companies to internationalise. Common standards across Europe create opportunities to enter other national markets and to become more global companies.

I am also pleased and proud to note that this year’s edition of the ‘Secret of Success’ profiles an increasing number of successful women entrepreneurs. The potential for women entrepreneurs in Europe and world-wide also remains to be fully realised and to be offered the fullest chance at success. The women entrepreneurs profile here show what can be done.

The twentieth anniversary of the single market is not just an occasion to look back at what we achieved. There remains a lot of work to be done – for men and women, young and old entrepreneurs, at home in Europe and further afield. I hope this brochure offers you inspiration as we tackle these challenges together.

Antonio Tajani
Vice-President of the European Commission, Responsible for Industry and Entrepreneurship
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Majlinda Angoni

Company name: Venice Art SH.P.K
Products/Services: Production and export of Venetian masks and handicraft
Start-up year: 1997
Number of employees: 96
Key markets: Italy, USA, Australia, France, UAE
majlindangoni@yahoo.it
www.veniceartshkoder.com
Shkoder, Albania
And you, how would you generate a business idea and start a new business?

My motto...

...is that, as Walt Disney said: “if you can dream it, you can do it”.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs considering international expansion?

If they want to compete, they must work as hard as possible to ensure the quality of their product, a wide variety of products and a product that the market will be interested in.

What is the specific quality that distinguishes your product from its competitors?

The entire product is handmade and of high quality. We offer flexibility, a variety of models, quick delivery and a wealth of experience within our company.

Your biggest achievement or something you are proud of...

...is our position as a leader in the mask production market in Venice itself, the birthplace of masks.
Eveline Pupeter-Fellner & Albert Fellner

Name of company: Emporia Telecom Produktions- und Vertriebs GesmbH & CoKG
Products/Services: Easy-to-use mobile phone handsets
Start-up date: 1991
Number of employees: 130
Key markets: Austria, Germany, UK, Poland, Italy

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Industriezeile 36, 4020 Linz, Austria
When Albert Fellner’s mother found it difficult to make and receive calls on her mobile phone, her engineer son designed an easy-to-use handset to meet the specific needs of senior citizens. It was emporia Telecom’s commercial success in Austria that took the family company onto an international level.

Albert sought the very best business partners in order to gain a foothold in unfamiliar overseas markets. For example, an agreement drawn up with the mobile phone giant T-Mobile has minimised the risk of doing business in countries outside Austria. The company is now listed in T-Mobile’s portfolio as well as those of other global telecommunications operators such as Vodafone. In 2011, it also won a gold standard “if” prize, an internationally-renowned German award for innovative product design.

Funding from the Austrian Research Promotion Agency (FFG) has been instrumental in the company’s development. Support from the Economic Chambers of Austria has also had a vital role to play.

What were the biggest challenges you faced when doing business abroad?

We had to understand what was important for each country and make sure products and services were relevant to local markets.

What would your advice be to entrepreneurs who have their sights set on international expansion?

Everything starts with a good product or an idea. A strong home base is vital, but you need to be bold. An understanding of the local consumer market is also essential, as is having the right structures and a growth-oriented planning schedule in place.

What is the best thing about expanding overseas?

Your company assimilates fresh ideas and trends. It also makes it more receptive to new developments and prepares the ground for moving onwards and upwards.

Entrepreneurs are important to society because...

...they are the motors of innovation. Big companies are often rather slow in taking decisions, whereas entrepreneurs act more quickly.
Thierry Vandererfven

Company name: Belberry Preserves bvba
Products/Services: Food processing
Start-up year: 2006
Number of employees: 4
Key markets: USA, Canada, Japan, Hong Kong, Spain

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Doenaerstraat 11, 8500 Kortrijk, Belgium
Thierry Vandererfven started his first business, a small grocery store in Kortrijk, Belgium aged just 21 in 1990 and began producing jam and preserves from a traditional recipe to sell in the store. The product was so popular that Thierry decided to sell it to other shops in the neighbourhood, and in 2005, he established Belberry Preserves.

A new production plant was built and national and international distribution channels were established with wholesalers and importers. The Belberry range also expanded to include such products as fruit syrups, sauces and vinegars.

The company’s international expansion has proved successful. Belberry products are on the market in 30 countries and half of the company’s turnover comes from business outside of Belgium. It has been supported in this by the Flanders Investment and Trade agency which has enabled Belberry to participate in international food fairs and undertake business trips abroad, as well as providing information on target markets. Thierry is pleased with the firm’s evolution and he cites the opening of a Belberry brand store in one of Tokyo’s most prestigious malls as a particular source of pride.

What were your biggest obstacles and challenges when doing business abroad?

With internet and online banking, there are no real obstacles to international business. My big challenge is to sell our products in the finest gourmet stores worldwide.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs considering international expansion?

Get well informed from your chamber of commerce, your national export department and your bank. They can give you information to avoid problems with administration and local laws. Don’t be afraid to ask other business people for advice.

What do you consider to be the best way to do business abroad?

Participate in major exhibitions and trade fairs. You can find a lot of potential customers and see what your competitors are doing.

What is the specific quality that distinguishes your products from its competitors?

The quality of our range, the presentation and positioning of our products are very important. We have to be in the best gourmet stores and deli shops.

What has inspired you when reading this entrepreneur’s profile?
Ivaylo Penkov

Company name: Ikarov L.P.
Products/Services: Cosmetics
Start-up year: 1993
Number of employees: 15
Key markets: Latvia, Spain, Poland, Ukraine, Russia

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Bratya Tarnevi Str. 29, 4003 Plovdiv, Bulgaria
Ivaylo Penkov had a strong ambition to develop natural products for women with sensitive skin. This, allied to his expertise in adapting plant products for human use, was the driving force behind the creation of his cosmetics company, Ikarov, in Plovdiv, Bulgaria.

The company uses old-fashioned recipes to make cosmetics with skin-soothing and health-giving properties using only natural ingredients.

It strives to keep its prices low without compromising on quality. In developing his customer base, Ivaylo capitalised on the trend away from chemically-based products linked with allergies.

In the early stages of its expansion, Ikarov’s sales in other EU countries were facilitated by advice on European directives from the Bulgarian Cosmetic Association. Further assistance came through harmonisation of Bulgarian cosmetics legislation with that of the EU prior to the country’s entry into the Union in 2007. In Ivaylo’s view, the best thing about being an entrepreneur is developing something from nothing and seeing the whole of society benefit from one’s own ideas.

What challenges did you face in doing business overseas?

As a small, unknown company in Eastern Europe, we had to gain the confidence to develop and distribute products based on recipes retrieved from pharmacology books.

What is the secret to doing well overseas?

Offer maximum quality at a minimum price, make sure your products stand out, be demanding and convey that in buying your product, consumers are offering themselves a gift.

What advice would you give to other entrepreneurs seeking new markets?

Find a reliable and respected partner who is familiar with all aspects of local markets and who can sell your products confidently.

What has been the best thing about expanding overseas?

Ikarov L.P. is the first East European company to manufacture natural cosmetics. We have been able to offer a new niche in the market to our business partners and consumers alike.

Why are entrepreneurs important to society as a whole?

They provide new opportunities and jobs whilst shouldering risks.

Could you build a new business idea based on this entrepreneur’s enterprise?

[Blank spaces for student to write their ideas]
Dinos Antoniou

Company name: Globalserve Consultants Ltd & Dinos Antoniou and Co.
Products/Services: Corporate, fiduciary, accounting and auditing services
Start-up year: 1994
Number of employees: 45
Key markets: Russia, Israel, Ukraine, Romania, UK

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Vasili Michaelides 9, 3026 Limassol, Cyprus
Dinos Antoniou left his small Cypriot village to obtain university degrees in Greece and the USA, working as a waiter and a butcher to help finance his studies. Returning to Cyprus, he worked in an international auditing firm and then a commercial bank, where a postponed promotion in 1994 gave him the impetus to start a firm under his own name offering accounting and auditing services.

Coming from an island, Dinos decided he had to look abroad for opportunities, first establishing an office in Greece and then expanding into Eastern Europe. This required hard work and constant travel, while at the same time, Dinos had to come up with new products and ways of promoting his business.

His efforts paid off as in 2004, Dinos expanded into the area of corporate services, founding Globalserve Consultants. His companies now do business in 29 countries and their international activity is the source of 85% of their turnover. Both companies continue to expand, even in the current financial climate, breaking through in new markets and introducing new products and services.

**What were your biggest obstacles and challenges when doing business abroad?**

Building trust is a challenge and the biggest obstacle is understanding cultural differences and establishing communication. By respecting clients and being sincere, accessible, friendly and professional you gain their trust.

**What is the best way to do business abroad?**

Communication has become faster with email but this has reduced personal contact with clients. The best way to engage is face to face.

**What was the best thing about expanding abroad?**

While the worldwide crisis has stricken specific markets, a portfolio of international clients helps to diversify risk. At the same time we must be alert and adjust our organisation, product mix and marketing methods to the changing needs of the market.

**What specific quality distinguishes your services from its competitors?**

We offer value for money. We strive to provide fast and accurate service while monitoring market trends and offering new products.
Karel Plotěný

Company name: ASIO, Spol. s.r.o.
Products/Services: Treatment of wastewater, water and air
Start-up year: 1993
Number of employees: 58
Key markets: Slovakia, Hungary, Ukraine, Russia, Romania

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Spáčilka 83, 664 51, Jiříkovice, Czech Republic
“Have the desire to succeed and gain knowledge”

Set up by a civil engineer, Karel Plotěný, ASIO produces technologies for waste water treatment and water and air treatment. Its customers in 32 countries range from households to large industries. Karel credits two people as being instrumental in setting up the company: his university professor, Mr Rozkydalek and Mr Kopčaj, author of a book on spiral management theory.

In order to expand abroad, language barriers had to be overcome and Karel is particularly proud of having held the company research and development department’s first-ever meeting in English. Other hurdles included a generalised mistrust in Austria of competitors from Eastern Europe and strict export regulations. For exports of certain products to Germany and France, special licences are required and exacting standards have to be met.

The company has overcome these barriers to acquire a strong international presence with subsidiary companies in six countries. However, ASIO’s biggest achievement to date has been the delivery of waste water treatment technologies to Germany, Romania and the Baltic states. Karel believes that constant innovation and a customer-friendly attitude are important to any company’s success.

What were the biggest challenges and obstacles you faced in doing business overseas?

A big challenge was the need to overcome language barriers and to generally improve the standard of English throughout the company. Likewise, we also needed to demonstrate that we could do business in other countries and to see how we could get the most benefit from opportunities for synergies.

What would your advice be to fellow entrepreneurs who are seeking to expand overseas?

It’s important to have an interesting product, recruit motivated and loyal people and invest.

What is the best way to do business overseas?

Tailor your strategy to your products and to the individual customer. In some countries, we have set up manufacturing operations; in others we only have dealers.

And the best thing about moving into overseas markets...?

...the best thing about our international expansion has been the opportunity it has given me to recruit and motivate loyal people.
Company name: Solarlite GmbH
Products/Services: Renewable energy
Start-up date: 2007
Number of Employees: 180 in Germany and Thailand
Key markets: Thailand, China, Germany, Belgium, Spain

info@solarlite.de
www.solarlite.de
Schloss Duckwitz, 17179 Duckwitz, Germany
Joachim Krüger’s inspiration to set up his Solarlite renewable energy company came at Naresuan University’s School of Renewable Energy and Technology in Thailand. It was there that he worked out how a parabolic trough (a type of solar energy collector) from composite materials could be made to work. Over the last five years, Joachim has put his business know-how and the technical knowledge acquired from his PhD on parabolic trough plants to good use in building up his company.

Southeast Asia is a key market for Solarlite’s solar energy installations but adapting the technology to the needs of that market is a challenge. To this end, Joachim has increased the locally-sourced material which goes into the final product so as to cut costs and make the devices more affordable. Introduction of a feed-in tariff for small energy producers in Thailand has also helped in this regard.

A highly-motivated international team has played a big part in Solarlite’s growth. One of its main successes to date is the construction of solar thermal parabolic trough power plants based on direct steam generation. Solarlite is the only company in the world to have developed this method of power generation.

Do you have any advice for entrepreneurs who are considering overseas expansion?

Initially focus on one target market; try to thoroughly understand it and then replicate the concept in other parts of the world. Define your criteria when you’re deciding on where to expand and move forward carefully, but not at any cost.

What are your secrets for expanding overseas?

It is important to have empathy with foreign cultures and put time and effort into understanding those differences.

What has the best thing been about expanding overseas?

Constant and dynamic growth. It has resulted in the company gaining international recognition and winning several competitive awards.

The best thing about being an entrepreneur is...

…to develop products and processes which provide answers to society’s greatest challenges such as climate change.

And you, how would you generate a business idea and start a new business?
Anne-Mette Elsborg

Company name: PJ Diesel Engineering A/S
Products/Services: Reconditioning and manufacturing of fuel equipment and turbocharger parts
Start-up year: 1979
Number of employees: 45
Key markets: UK
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Skudehavnsvej 14, 2100 Copenhagen, Denmark
The oil crisis of the 1970s, allied to a prevailing tendency to simply scrap old engines, gave Anne-Mette Elsborg the idea of reconditioning and recycling used engine components in such a way as to increase fuel efficiency. Building on her passion for marine engineering and professional experience on board ships, she decided to set up PJ Diesel Engineering in 1979.

The company reconditions and manufactures fuel equipment and turbocharger parts for the shipping industry. It also provides emission and performance monitoring systems and technical advice. Over the years, PJ Diesel has fostered a strong relationship with clients. This has led to the development of a coordinated equipment maintenance programme, which includes provision of training.

Constant innovation and creativity has been a key part of PJ Diesel's success. For example, the company has recently adapted its electronic indication and emission monitoring systems to incorporate the very latest technology. Anne-Mette has also been recognised by her peers. She received the 2009 Danish network of female company owners’ Inspiration Award and the 2011 Danish Career Prize by WOW Exenet, a women's professional forum.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs who are considering international expansion?

I would recommend becoming part of a global network.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

I would say that the most important thing is to develop good co-operation with local businesses.

What has been the best thing about expanding your business overseas?

Through our global producer and service network, we are able to supply the maritime industry worldwide.

Your biggest achievement or something you are proud of

Having helped to create a growing business which has not been negatively affected by the global financial crisis thanks to the importance we place on sustainability throughout the company.

Entrepreneurs are important to society because...

They are passionate about innovation. Small companies develop niches in markets, especially during the start-up phase. At a later stage, larger companies can come in to either invest in a small company, or purchase a business concept.
Tõnis Liivamägi

Company name: **LCDVF OÜ**
Products/Services: **Production of audiovisual accessories**
Start-up date: **2009**
Number of employees: **7**
Key markets: **USA, UK, Germany, France, Norway**

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For as long as he can remember, Tõnis Liivamägi has been making and repairing objects. This led him to design, develop and market a simple camera viewing aid to improve use of video functions. Known as the LCDVF, the device is now sold in 41 countries.

Awards for the LCDVF and positive press coverage generated a lot of interest in the product. The company Tõnis established, LCDVF OÜ, has received support for future product development from the European Social Fund and the “Enterprise Estonia” scheme. “At LCDVF OÜ, we design and manufacture products ourselves. I want them to be of highest quality and last for a long time. I don’t believe in marketing that covers up flaws and sells features that don’t really work properly,” says Tõnis.

The LCDVF turns a video-enabled digital single-lens reflex into a hand-held camera. “For photographers, it’s like seeing a 42 inch screen from 140 cm,” explains Tõnis. The product has caught on to such an extent that LCDVF has now become an acronym in the English language.

What were your biggest challenges you faced in doing business overseas?
We had to overcome payment processing difficulties with our online sales. A reliable international payment provider for Estonian companies doesn’t really exist.

What is your advice to those seeking to expand sales overseas?
Try to make a 50% profit on your prices and find distributors who can sell your products. Also sell directly through your website as receiving international payments will keep prices at the same level around the world.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?
Generate global interest on the internet. Locate trend-setters and opinion-formers in the countries where you want to develop markets and let them review your product on the internet in their native languages. This brings down language barriers and buyers will come knocking at your door.

What has inspired you when reading this entrepreneur’s profile?

Tõnis Liivamägi
Juan Imedio

Company name: Salto Systems
Products/Services: Electronic locking systems
Start-up year: 2000
Number of employees: 200
Key markets: UK, Austria, USA, The Netherlands, Denmark

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www.saltosystems.com
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In 2000, telecommunications engineer Juan Imedio formed Salto Systems with four other entrepreneurs to develop a new electronic locking system. His company’s product stands out from those of its competitors as thanks to its state-of-the-art technology, lock user information can be updated throughout any building without having to visit the premises. This is done by means of a user card which automatically updates the data of every lock in a given building.

The Basque regional government gave Salto Systems an interest-free long-term loan to assist its start-up, allowing the company to invest in new equipment. A further interest-free loan from the Spanish Centre for Development of Industrial Technology helped the company with research and development and related expenses.

To date, Salto Systems has created 200 jobs and has stimulated indirect employment on an equal scale. Over one million locks have been manufactured thus far. As a measure of the company’s success, its systems are used in universities including Oxford and Cambridge, and at such buildings as the T-mobile headquarters in Austria, RTL Television in the Netherlands and the French Parliament.

What were the biggest obstacles encountered in doing business overseas?

Complying with local product standards and regulations as well as stimulating customer interest in a new product.

What is your advice to companies who are seeking to expand overseas?

Think globally but act locally! Employ local sales staff, listen to them and trust them. Show commitment to your foreign customers and demonstrate that they can trust you as a long-term partner.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

Act very much as a local company would. Set up local structures and decentralise sales and marketing activities.

What was the best thing about your overseas expansion?

Getting a step ahead of the competition. In order to meet our customers’ demands and expectations, we continually develop new products and revise our range.

Could you build a new business idea based on this entrepreneur’s enterprise?
Minna Parikka

Company name: Minna Parikka Shoes
Products/Services: Shoe designer
Start-up year: 2008 (brand since 2005)
Number of employees: 4 full-time, 3 part-time
Key markets: Europe, USA, Japan, China

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“Create a unique product that competes with the very best”

As a teenager, Minna Parikka dreamed of becoming a shoe designer. She decided to pursue it professionally after reading an article on Italian shoe designer Andrea Pfister, written by her sister for a women’s magazine. She got a degree in footwear design at De Montfort University in the UK and worked abroad before returning to her native Finland to create her own brand and company at the age of just 25.

A lack of financial backing did not dampen her ambition and the Minna Parikka label has become a leading home-grown shoe brand in Finland. She has also gained a firm foothold in overseas markets, with her shoes now stocked by retail outlets in 18 countries and featuring in publications such as Vogue, Elle and Marie Claire.

Her winning formula has been to combine global trends with her own style. In 2011, the company’s turnover grew by 40%, which led to Minna winning a young entrepreneur award in Finland. Another highpoint in her career was being chosen to design the official double platinum disc for international pop superstar Lady Gaga.

What difficulties did you face in doing business overseas?

It’s important to understand the work ethics of different nationalities. The production of high-quality shoes is a tricky process since one shoe can have up to 40 different components and requires dozens of hand-finishing phases.

What has been the best thing about expanding overseas?

From the outset, my aim was to establish an internationally-renowned brand. My first trade show was during Paris Fashion Week and my first order was dispatched to Tokyo. The brand has also featured in numerous international publications.

What would your advice be to budding international entrepreneurs?

Firstly, get a good understanding of your sector and of the global demand for your product. Once outside your own country, you are competing with both the big and small boys. Beware of blindly following what a rival brand is doing, but do take account of what is happening everywhere and create a unique product that competes with the very best.

Why do you think this entrepreneur has been internationally successful?

Minna Parikka
Anne Midavaine

Company name: Atelier Midavaine
Products/Services: Lacquer art
Start-up year: 1994
Number of employees: 7
Key markets: Russia, USA, Switzerland

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www.ateliermidavaine.com
54 rue des Acacias, 75017 Paris, France
In 1994, Anne Midavaine took over Atelier Midavaine, which had been set up by her grandfather as a cottage industry in 1919. It has grown by pioneering new lacquering techniques and innovative designs to respond to changing trends in furnishing and decoration. Anne's father, Jacques, initially sought international markets for the company's range of tables, cabinets and lacquered wood finishes and his daughter has followed in his footsteps.

She has received support from UbiFrance, the French agency for promotion of exports, which has invited Atelier Midavaine to participate in numerous overseas trade events aimed at promoting French products in locations such as Moscow and Dubai.

One of the company's biggest achievements to date is a lacquered wall in a Moscow dining room which was done in collaboration with famous French decorator, Juan Pablo Molyneux. Atelier Midavaine has also teamed up with another celebrated French designer, P.Y. Rochon, to create TV furniture and tables in the Peninsula Hotel in Shanghai. According to Anne, the high quality of the company's products reflects the exchange of knowledge on lacquering which has flowed between Asia and Europe since the 17th Century.

What obstacles have you encountered in doing business overseas?

They include establishing distribution networks, complying with customs regulations and finding local representatives to sell your products.

What is your advice to entrepreneurs who are considering international expansion?

Travel and learn about people from different countries and never underestimate your business partners. Also, pay attention so as to avoid misunderstandings which can result from cultural differences.

What is the best thing about gaining markets overseas?

Finding a partner in each country who likes your products and who wants to promote them.

Entrepreneurs are important to society because...

...small businesses bring people – men, women, creative people, artists and designers – together with the desire to achieve the same goal.
Iskra Vetadzokoska-Mucunska

Name of company: Vitalia Nikola d.o.o
Products/Services: Health foods
Start-up date: 1993
Number of employees: 100
Key markets: Serbia, Cyprus, Portugal, Montenegro, Romania

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www.vitalia.com.mk
Street 516, No. 10, 1000 Skopje, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
“Health food for healthy generations,” was Iskra Vetadzokoska-Mucunska’s father’s aim in setting up the Vitalia Nikola health food company in 1993. The firm supplies nutritional products prepared from traditional recipes both domestically and internationally.

Increasing global demand for health food in recent years has made Iskra’s father’s vision a reality. The company has responded to customer demand and developed its own unique products. “In a market oriented towards food with low nutritional value, we have raised awareness among consumers about the importance of health foods,” says Iskra. Vitalia products are now part of the diet of many citizens but foreign sales are also healthy, with the products sold in 24 countries worldwide. Moreover, the company has been awarded the ‘Super Brand’ status.

In its attempts to access the global market, Vitalia has received financing for marketing and promotion from the government support fund for export-oriented companies. It has also benefited from the fact that the government’s economic attachés throughout the world are constantly looking for reliable business partners for local companies.

“Live your brand’s values”

What were your biggest challenges in doing business overseas?

Gaining customer recognition for “Vitalia” and “Made in Macedonia” as quality brands.

What is the best way to expand overseas?

Develop your exports step-by-step, starting with neighbouring countries. Form partnerships with reliable and experienced companies which share your vision and business development strategy. A key part of any company’s strategy has to be promotion of its products through attendance at the world’s leading trade fairs.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs who are considering international expansion?

Believe in your own capabilities and ideas. Work hard to develop unique products and services that make you stand out from your competitors.

What has been the best thing to come with international expansion?

Finding new sales outlets has given us even greater motivation to go on and produce competitive products for the world market. This has helped to secure increased international recognition for our brand.

What could one learn from this entrepreneur?
Polymnia Alexiadou

Company name: Paxil
Products/Services: Manufacturer of woodworking machines
Start-up year: 1990
Number of employees: 2
Key markets: Italy, Argentina, UAE

polymnia@hol.gr
www.paxil.gr
Trikoupi 15, P.O. Box 461, 57008 Ionia, Thessaloniki, Greece
Parental support helped Polymnia Alexiadou to start in business. In 1990, while studying economics at the University of Macedonia in Thessaloniki, Polymnia’s father asked her to help him establish Paxil, a manufacturer of woodworking machines.

Heading up a business at a young age, Polymnia encountered reticence on the part of male clients, suppliers and colleagues. As a woman in a male-dominated field, she also had to overcome stereotypes in order to gain professional recognition. Moreover, the long hours involved in running a business made her husband’s support indispensable.

Today, Polymnia has no doubt that the work has been worth it. Paxil produces quality products at competitive prices and does business in five countries including Italy, Argentina and the United Arab Emirates. Polymnia has been recognised as a pioneer in female entrepreneurship and in 2005 was chosen by Eurochambres as one of 39 businesswomen who have overcome gender stereotypes. She has held positions in chambers of commerce and entrepreneurial associations and sees hard work, a sense of responsibility and the ability to identify opportunities and challenges at an early stage as the keys to success.

What were the biggest obstacles and challenges to doing business abroad?

Most people working in my sector are men, not only in Greece but also in other industrialised countries. It is really hard to work in such a sector as women are quite an exception in this business.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs considering international expansion?

It is very difficult to start and develop your own business and make it grow so you must be courageous and prepared to take risks.

What do you consider to be the best way to do business abroad?

Every market is different, with new challenges and opportunities. You must set yourself a target and concentrate on reaching it. You must have faith in your ability, work doggedly, always believe in what you are doing, be passionate, take responsibility for your actions and trust yourself.

Entrepreneurs are important to society because...

...business is not just an occupation but a way of life which adds value to society and keeps the economy moving.

What has inspired you when reading this entrepreneur’s profile?

Polymnia Alexiadou
Vjekoslav Majetić

Company name: DOK-ING LLC
Products/Services: Remote controlled robotic systems
Start-up year: 1992
Number of employees: 150
Key markets: Sweden, USA, Ireland, Australia, Sri Lanka

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www.dok-ing.hr
Kanalski put 1, 10000 Zagreb, Croatia
Conflict in his native Croatia in the early 1990s and the resulting destruction inspired Vjekoslav Majetić to help reduce the devastation caused by war. With his background in engineering, he identified production of mine clearance systems as a way to do this and so set up his own company, DOK-ING.

Vjekoslav has created the MV-4 and the MV-10 mine clearance systems. The MV-4 is a transportable system for anti personnel mines and unexploded ordnance, while the MV-10 can resist anti-tank mines. DOK-ING have also developed a range of other products including a robotic fire-fighting system and electric vehicles. Furthermore, the company has produced remote-controlled machinery for use in underground mining and construction to respond to the needs of the South African mining industry.

More than 100 DOK-ING mine clearance systems are now in operation around the world. They have been clearing mines for over 10 years with no reported injuries to operators. The company does business in 13 countries including the USA, Australia and Sri Lanka, with around 80% of turnover generated from its international interests.

What were your biggest obstacles and challenges when doing business abroad?

We were a company with no background or state support and I had to convey my vision of humanitarian mine clearance in which you do not send a man to do a machine’s job.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs considering international expansion?

Do not give up. There are always people ready to help you – you just have to find them. Talk to as many people as you can. One will know somebody else and your circle of contacts will expand beyond your expectations.

What specific quality distinguishes your product from its competitors?

The never ending story of innovation. All of our products are constantly undergoing tests, reviews and changes to improve performance, increase protection and provide additional services.

Your biggest achievement or something you are proud of...

The mine clearance in Croatia and a number of other countries achieved with our machines and the number of lives saved by these machines.
Company name: Holografika Kft.
Products/Services: Holographic display technology
Start-up year: 1996
Number of employees: 20
Key markets: EU, USA, India, South Korea, Japan

Tibor Balogh

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www.holografika.com
Baross u. 3., 1192 Budapest, Hungary
With a background in electrical engineering, Tibor Balogh set up his first company, producing embossed security holograms, in Hungary in 1989. He then established Holografika in 1996, developing optoelectronic technology and prototypes for laser-based 3D and true-colour holographic displays.

Holografika holds several 3D-related patents and has developed 3D visualisation technology, including display devices, software applications, and data compression solutions used in medicine, security and gaming. In 2004, the company launched 26" and 32" displays using its award-winning HoloVizio technology which allows viewers to see 3D images with the naked eye. Larger-scale projection systems for use in oil and gas exploration, simulation and entertainment are under development, along with a 3D camera system and software environment.

The company is involved in R&D projects funded by Hungarian support programmes and the 6th and 7th EU Framework Programmes. These focus on developing next-generation 3D holographic applications. Holografika has established partnerships with prominent global companies and institutes, and is now active in 10 countries with 70% of its turnover coming from international business.

The person or event that inspired me to start my own business

The idea of building on the work of Dennis Gábor, a Hungarian Nobel prize winner, was inspiring. On seeing the first holovideo set ups in the early 90’s, it was clear that we could do much better.

What were your biggest challenges when doing business abroad?

Along with developing a strong R&D programme, it was a challenge to finance marketing, take part in exhibitions and build up a brand remotely.

What do you consider to be the best way to do business abroad?

It depends on the sector but it is very important to properly explain and demonstrate your products, virtually or in person, through conferences, exhibitions and local partners and presence.

What is the specific quality that distinguishes your product from its competitors?

Our high-end solution provides a real 3D experience that you don’t get from mainstream 3D display systems. Our HoloVizio system displays provide about 60-80 times more information than other systems.
Liam Ryan

Company name: BMS Ireland
Products/Services: Production of technological industrial products
Start-up year: 1980
Number of employees: 18
Key markets: USA, Australia, China

liamryan@bmsireland.com
www.bmsireland.com
Technology Centre, Annacotty, Limerick, Ireland
The creative spirit of his parents inspired Liam Ryan to set up BMS Ireland in 1980. The company started out distributing engineering products before moving into design and manufacture of technological products for industry.

From visits to trade shows, Liam got the idea for an electronic torque wrench for tightening industrial bolts with technology enabling it to function in different languages and measurement systems. Language and cultural barriers, as well as difficulties in identifying distribution channels presented challenges to BMS’s attempts to move into new markets. Fortunately, Enterprise Ireland provided support in the countries they were targeting and enabled them to participate in exhibitions as far afield as China, while awarding R&D grants.

BMS is active in 14 countries and recently opened an office in Shanghai. In all, 90% of its turnover comes from international business and it has a strong presence in the aerospace and automobile markets. As regards R&D, BMS has forged strong links with the University of Limerick and Limerick Institute of Technology. Liam is particularly proud of BMS’ victory in the 2011 Irish Small Firms Association National Small Business Award.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs considering international expansion?

Do as much research as you can on the country you are targeting, their suitability for your product, the competition’s approach and the local culture.

What do you consider to be the best way to do business abroad?

Place one of your own staff in the market who speaks the language and understands the business environment.

What was the best thing about expanding your business abroad?

We are no longer dependent on the domestic market and are able to get more feedback on new products. We have expanded our knowledge and I get satisfaction from seeing BMS products in other countries.

What is the specific quality that distinguishes your products from its competitors?

We welcome requests for customised products and can offer them at short notice. Our products are constantly being improved and the latest technology and international languages are integrated into all our tools. This is unique to BMS.

If you joined this entrepreneur, what could you contribute to his business?
**Dr. Sobhi Basheer**

Company name: **TransBioDiesel Ltd.**  
Products/Services: **Biofuels**  
Start-up year: **2007**  
Number of employees: **7**  
Key markets: **Europe, USA, Australia, Singapore, China**

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www.transbiodiesel.com  
The R & D Centre, POB 437, Shefaram 20200, Israel
“Convince users to experiment with new technology and use new products”

A global expert in enzymes, Dr. Sobhi Basheer left his research job to set up his own company and turned his research and development dreams into reality. His company, TransBioDiesel Ltd., performs trailblazing research into “green” technologies which can potentially benefit society as a whole.

The company is pioneering the use of enzyme-based catalysts - known as bio-catalysts - in the production of bio-fuels which are seen as a cleaner and more sustainable alternative to petroleum-based fuels. Bio-fuels are currently produced with chemical catalysts but bio-catalysts, in comparison, are cleaner, less costly to produce and require less energy to be used during the production process.

To expand overseas, TransBioDiesel received grants and funding for research and development under a technology incubator programme of the Israeli government’s Chief Scientist Office. “These funds have provided much needed oxygen and have made a significant difference to my company and its on-going success,” says Sobhi.

Especially rewarding, says Sobhi, has been to see his product’s evolution from its research stage to approval by the US Food and Drug Administration.

What were the biggest challenges you faced in doing business overseas?

The introduction of game-changing green technology is always challenging. Industry and people are inclined to stick to traditional ways of thinking. The challenge is to convince users to experiment with new technology and use new products.

Do you have any advice for young entrepreneurs who are considering international expansion?

I would encourage them to seek markets overseas and be ready to stand up for what they believe in, while respecting different business cultures.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

The most rewarding aspect is the international marketing of the product. The company puts strong emphasis on production of high-level, top-notch technologies that can compete in the global marketplace.

Entrepreneurs are important to society because...

...they contribute to the sustainability of society and mankind. Without entrepreneurs society would stall and be unable to keep evolving.

Dr. Sobhi Basheer
Vilborg Einarsson

Company name: InfoMentor
Products/Services: Online education software
Start-up year: 2000
Number of employees: 65
Key markets: Sweden, UK

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Ofanleiti 2, 103 Reykjavik, Iceland
Vilborg Einarsdottir crossed cultural divides in setting up her education software business. The company has developed an online learning and assessment system which is beneficial to pupils, teachers and parents alike and can be adapted to any number of countries.

A thorough understanding of diverse ways of working - and particularly the different educational curricula in respective European countries - has played a big part in its growth. Having a clear vision from the outset has played an important part in the company’s successful expansion to other parts of Europe. “After that, it’s all about sharing your vision. Vision gives energy and inspiration,” says Vilborg. Finding the right people to work with in local markets has also been vital: the company’s motto is “trust and empower people.”

Its start-up was assisted by Iceland’s UH17 project whose aim is the country’s overseas promotion. Grants from the Icelandic Technology Fund and other backing from the Icelandic New Venture Fund have also contributed to its development. InfoMentor has also been partnered by Frumtak, an Icelandic investment fund that helps promising companies.

How do you go about doing business overseas?

In InfoMentor, we work with schools. It’s essential to reach out to local professionals in each market. Having an in-depth knowledge of the local culture, of individual curricula and finding out about how things are organised, all lead to solutions that add value to the school.

What distinguishes your product from others on the market?

The InfoMentor solution combines a local knowledge of curricula with the best practices in individual learning and student development.

What is the highpoint in your company’s growth so far?

Helping teachers to improve education in Europe and to see pupils achieve their goals.

Entrepreneurs have an important role to play in society because...

...they drive innovation, incite creativity and bring about changes to cultures. They lay the building blocks for the future.
Company name: Campomaggi & Caterina Lucchi s.r.l
Products/Services: Handbag designer
Start-up year: 1983
Number of employees: 110
Key markets: USA, the Benelux, Russia, Japan, Middle East

info@emergentitaliani.it
www.emergentitaliani.it
Via S. Carlo 2707/2709, 47522 S.Carlo Di Cesena (FC), Italy
“Never give up”

At the beginning of the 80’s, Caterina Lucchi and her husband Marco Campomaggi, both fascinated with beauty and creativity, began to design together their first handbags and accessories after admiring the quality of a friend’s handmade leather bag. Soon they discovered how their products are appreciated, and consequently they decided to start their own business in 1983. Thanks to their strong commitment, they today own an important production centre in Italy, in a region where leather-making is not very widespread.

Starting from scratch, Caterina has realised the dream of having her own company. She focuses on making bags that are unique. “They have a soul. It’s not about look or logo. Each bag has a personality,” she says. She describes her bags as “dedicated to a woman with a marked personality and who stands out from the crowd.”

The company’s biggest obstacles to selling overseas have been language barriers and limited knowledge of export and import regulations, but such problems have not stopped Caterina’s “Made in Italy” handbags from being sold all over the world. A “can do” attitude has taken her far and she believes in continually setting herself new and higher goals.

Italy’s Instituto Nazionale per il Commercio Estero (National Institute for External Trade), provided financial support in the early stages of the company’s development. Caterina says this has enabled her to exhibit her products at trade fairs overseas.

What is your advice to those seeking to do business overseas?

Do not pay any attention to those who say that it’s difficult to sell overseas.

Do you have any tips for the best way of doing business in other countries?

To succeed in your target markets, make good quality products at reasonable prices.

What has been the best thing about expanding overseas?

Increasing our customer base, widening our markets and cultural understanding and taking on new challenges.

Entrepreneurs are important to society because...

...they promote innovation, create jobs and give employees the possibility of becoming financially independent.

What has inspired you when reading this entrepreneur’s profile?


Caterina Lucchi
Reinhard Braun

Company name: Pantec AG
Products/Services: Technology for industrial and medical applications
Start-up year: 1990
Number of employees: 95
Key markets: Switzerland, China, India
reinhard.braun@pantec.com
www.pantec.com
Industriering 21, 9491 Ruggell, Liechtenstein
Inspired by his father, Reinhard Braun founded Pantec AG to provide engineered solutions and products for the industry in 1990. From the outset, Reinhard knew that, owing to the small size of the domestic market in Switzerland, international expansion would be vital.

He thus set about developing a range of creative concepts and ensuring that Pantec worked to the highest possible standards so as to penetrate the company’s target sectors of automation, printing, industrial measurement technology, textiles and medical and industrial laser applications. Support was forthcoming from chambers of commerce in Liechtenstein and Switzerland, particularly when Pantec started operations in China in 2004.

Today, 95% of Pantec’s turnover comes from international business. The firm’s expansion has been such that three companies now operate under the Pantec umbrella: Pantec Engineering with subsidiaries in India and China, Pantec GS System, based in Switzerland, and Pantec Biosolutions which makes intra-epidermal medical applications. The company employs 40 development and application engineers and 35 production and quality control personnel.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs considering international expansion?

Don’t try to do everything at once because the world is too big for that. Take things step by step.

What do you consider to be the best way to do business abroad?

Set up your own companies in the big countries such as China or the USA. In other countries you can work through distributors and agents.

What was the best thing about expanding your business abroad?

Establishing ourselves in China. We started in 2004 with purchasing and ensuring our prices were competitive. In 2005, we started the sales and service office. Today we make 25% of our turnover in China.

For me, the best thing about being an entrepreneur is...

...being able to overcome big challenges with a great team of employees.
Andrius Rupšys

Company name: Ruptela, UAB
Products/Services: Communication technologies, electronic and software systems
Start-up year: 2007
Number of employees: 40
Key markets: EU, Russia, USA, Africa

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www.ruptela.lt
Žalgirio g. 92, 09303 Vilnius, Lithuania
When Andrius Rupšys’ was still a child, his father launched his own business and Andrius had nurtured an ambition to follow in his footsteps ever since. The loss of someone very close to him dispelled any fears Andrius had about taking such a step and in 2007, he put his studies in electrical engineering to good use by founding Ruptela.

Ruptela designs and manufactures information and communication technology and electronic and software systems. Aside from his electronics background, Andrius had a good knowledge of languages and this, allied to local government grants, was instrumental in helping the company to move into foreign markets and set up a sales office outside of Lithuania.

The company is now active in some 50 countries worldwide and generates around 70% of its turnover internationally. The team’s expertise has led to the development of web-based vehicle monitoring and tracking platforms providing information on aspects such as vehicle position and fuel consumption. Ruptela was named the most successful IT company in Lithuania in 2011 on the basis of growth, introduction of new products and exports, and received an award from President Dalia Grybauskaitė.

What were your biggest obstacles and challenges when doing business abroad?

I don’t see any obstacles. It is always a pleasure to learn about new cultures, new countries, new people and to find new business opportunities. It all depends on the way you look at it.

What do you consider to be the best way to do business abroad?

There is no universal model but I think it is essential to test the market, to find out what potential customers think about your ideas and what the competition is doing.

What was the best thing about expanding your business abroad?

I love new things and each expansion brings something new. It is always challenging but always interesting. Maybe the biggest thing is finding that what one market needs today could be something that another market will need tomorrow.

For me, the best thing about being an entrepreneur is...

...having the feeling that you can really change something in the world, and having the power to do it.

Why do you think this entrepreneur has been internationally successful?

Andrius Rupšys
Michèle Detaille

Company name: Codipro Lux
Products/Services: Lifting equipment
Start-up year: 2004
Number of employees: 15
Key markets: France, Germany, Italy

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www.codipro.net
Salzbach 9502, Luxembourg
Having spent 18 years as mayor of a small commune in Belgium, Michèle Detaille set up Codipro in Luxembourg in 2004. The company designs and manufactures security swivel rings used in lifting equipment and aims to give customers the very best advice on lifting mechanisms.

Early in its international expansion, Codipro had problems with customs duties and complicated local standards. It was also hard to find useful information on target markets and reliable contacts. However, punctual delivery of quality products enabled the company to develop. It now exports to 32 countries and 99% of its sales are to customers outside Luxembourg and 11% to clients outside Europe. This was recognised in January 2012 when the company won the 2011 Luxembourg export award for small and medium-sized businesses, attributed by the Grand Duchy’s Chamber of Commerce and the Luxembourg branch of export credit agency, Office du Ducroire.

Michèle advises all budding global entrepreneurs to check the demand for their products or services on domestic markets before expanding abroad. Another of her tips is to ensure that products are adapted to the market where they are to be sold in terms of quality and price.

**What challenges and obstacles did you face in expanding overseas?**

One obstacle was adapting to and managing very different cultures. Also, the long distances between our base and the places where we were doing business presented a challenge.

**What do you consider to be the best way to do business abroad?**

You have to make sure that your products are well adapted as possible to the markets on which you want to do business, in terms of quality, price and general characteristics.

**What was the best thing about expanding your business overseas?**

I would say that the best thing has been the opportunity to manufacture good products and to find good salesmen and customers.

**What has been your biggest achievement in business?**

My biggest achievement has been the continual improvement of our team at Codiprolux.

**What is the best thing about being an entrepreneur?**

The best thing is the feeling, which entrepreneurship can give you, that you are free to create anything you like.

If you joined this entrepreneur, what could you contribute to his business?
Juris Zariņš

Company name: JZ Microphones
Products/Services: Studio microphones and accessories
Start-up year: 2007
Number of employees: 40
Key markets: Germany, USA

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Gaujas 30, 2167 Marupe, Latvia
“Be creative, dedicated and ready to invest”

With a background covering such diverse fields as jewellery and engineering, Juris Zariņš took on board his father's advice to work with dedication and passion when he set up JZ Microphones in Latvia in 2007. Juris saw clearly that such attitudes bring their own rewards and the rise of his company, which produces studio microphones and other accessories, is testament to this.

Juris assembled a small but talented, hardworking and creative team. At first, they struggled to gain recognition from larger competitors and also from their potential client base, which did not always see the need for another microphone brand. However, with backing from the Latvian Investment and Development Agency, their high-quality, handcrafted products began to win people over.

Today, JZ Microphones generates almost all of its turnover from international trade and does business in around 40 countries. Their products have become the tools of choice for several well-known studios and musicians. Along with their unique designs and technical innovations, JZ have developed the Golden Drop process for microphone capsules which helps to improve sound quality.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs considering international expansion?

Be creative, dedicated and ready to invest. Marketing is one part but demand in a local market does not mean that there will be demand abroad. You must be ready to adjust to the market and customer needs. If your products have a competitive advantage you will expand faster.

What do you consider to be the best way to do business abroad?

Research your competitors' work and work out how you can improve on it. If you do this in the right way then the product will sell itself.

What is the specific quality that distinguishes your products from its competitors?

The most important component of every microphone is the capsule which hasn’t changed in over half a century. We have found a way of improving it with our patented Golden Drop technique.

Your biggest achievement or something you are proud of...

Throughout my time in business, I have kept my word. This means that my word carries a significant weight.
Jovan Jovetić

Company name: **Montcarton d.o.o. Podgorica**  
Products/Services: **Manufacturer of commercial cardboard boxes**  
Start-up year: **1996**  
Number of employees: **20**  
Key markets: **EU**  

montcarton@t-com.me  
www.montcarton.com  
Žarka Zrenjanina br.14, Podgorica 81 000, Montenegro
Jovan Jovetić was inspired to set up his company by a former fellow university student who had difficulties in getting hold of quality cardboard boxes for his business. Using the best raw materials of EU origin and a skilled and educated workforce, Montcarton has quickly developed a reputation for manufacturing quality boxes.

Increased sales in the domestic market have resulted in the company’s reputation spreading to other countries. What sets Montcarton apart from its competitors is the fact that: “customers are informed at all phases of production,” says Jovan, adding that “we consider the wishes of customers, and the functionality and quality of the product.”

Montcarton’s development has been assisted by Montenegro’s Investment and Development Fund which has supported the company in strategic investment in production of boxes for foreign and domestic markets. From being a small family business, Montcarton now has modern printing and box production equipment. According to Jovan, the company has gone from strength-to-strength despite the political and economic crises over the past two decades in Montenegro.

What were the biggest obstacles to doing business overseas?

Convincing foreign customers that there are manufacturers in Montenegro who are professional, competitive and implement EU standards of production.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

Direct communication is the best, but not the only way to achieve cooperation with foreign customers. There are other methods such as presentations at trade fairs, cooperation with chambers of commerce, developing contacts through representative offices and agencies, as well as good marketing campaigns.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs who are seeking international expansion?

It is essential to have a good strategy and vision and you must produce high-quality products.

The best thing about being an entrepreneur is...

...having a job I know and like which allows me to be both independent and creative.
Alex Scicluna

Company name: Jubilee Group of Companies
Products/Services: Mediterranean café/restaurant chain
Start-up year: 1995
Number of employees: 120
Key markets: Hungary, UK, Germany

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6 Library Street, Victoria, Gozo VCT-1174, Malta
As a young man, Alex Scicluna worked in the catering trade to make ends meet and also obtained a diploma in hospitality management. It was thus a natural next step to strike out on his own in the catering industry. In 1998 he established Café Jubilee in Gozo and opened further outlets in Malta in 2000 and 2005.

Government funding enabled Jubilee to participate in international exhibitions and Alex began to expand abroad from 2005. He is particularly proud of having opened two new Jubilee outlets within the space of four months in 2010: in Budapest in February and at the Shanghai World Expo in May.

Jubilee sell fresh Mediterranean specialities: salads, soups, sandwiches, pastas (including fish ravioli made from freshly-caught denci, a Mediterranean fish) and desserts. The company also produces specialities from Malta and Gozo under the Jubilee Foods’ label. The range includes olives, capers, sun-dried tomatoes and fig conserves, which are on sale in supermarkets in Malta and abroad. Jubilee products are marketed as appealing to all five senses, which is a very appetising selling point.

**What obstacles did you encounter in doing business overseas?**

The most difficult thing has been moving out of one’s comfort zone. Language and cultural differences created some headaches as regards adopting what the company could offer.

**What would be your advice to entrepreneurs who want to work in other countries?**

Developing your business is exciting and fulfills a dream. However, one has to be patient and ready to take knocks. You need to have a long-term perspective and plan for the fact that you’re talking about returns in the long-term.

**Entrepreneurs are important to society because...**

...they create opportunities for themselves and others and often respond to needs that no one knew were there in the first place.

**And what is the best thing about being an entrepreneur?**

Being in a position to turn a vision into something tangible.
Company name: Shipyards Bodewes & Shipyard De Kaap
Products/Services: Shipbuilding
Start-up year: Shipyards Bodewes 1998
Shipyard De Kaap 2003
Number of employees: 60
Key markets: Europe, Australia

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www.scheepswerfdekaap.nl
Kaapweg 4, 7944 HV Meppel, The Netherlands
“Do not give up at the first hurdle... see it as a learning opportunity”

Coming from a family with a long tradition in international shipbuilding, Thecla Bodewes was always drawn towards the maritime world. Her father encouraged her to work in international shipbuilding without insisting on her joining the family business. She gained a bachelor’s degree in shipbuilding engineering and subsequently became a member of an international classification society – a non-governmental organisation that establishes and maintains technical standards for the construction and operation of ships and offshore structures.

The family company Thecla took over was founded in 1813. Shipyards Bodewes and Shipyard De Kaap provide a full-range of shipbuilding activities: ship construction, repairs, conversions and renewals. Thecla says that her company’s ships stand out from those of competitors. Technical, human, and environmental considerations are all taken on board in the innovative design and construction of her company’s ships whilst every effort is made to minimise costs.

In seeking overseas markets, Thecla says it is important to follow one’s intuition and focus on countries with stable or booming economies. Her company prepares detailed studies on the potential of a market before taking the plunge of establishing business contacts.

What is your advice to entrepreneurs who want to enter overseas markets?

Do not give up at the first hurdle... see it as a learning opportunity.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

Work together with local people; having a mix of cultures on board in a project is frequently the perfect way forward.

What has your company got most out of working in overseas markets?

New markets and fresh ideas.

The best thing about being an entrepreneur is...

...to be able to build a company in your own vision and according to your own aims and ethics. The talented individuals who make up our team also give me a lot of positive energy.
Gry Cecilie Sydhagen

Company name: Metizoft AS
Products/Services: Consulting services for “Green Passport” solutions for the shipping/maritime industry
Start-up date: 2006
Number of employees: 20
Key markets: Canada, Brazil, Singapore, Indonesia, India

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Eggesbøvegen 40, 6092 Fosnavåg, Norway
When Gry Cecilie Sydhagen returned to her home village in western Norway, owing to a lack of jobs linked to her IT background, she decided to start her own business. The area has a strong maritime tradition and in 2006 she founded Metizoft which provides "green profiles" for the shipping industry.

The 2009 Inventory on Hazardous Materials (IHM) – formerly known as the “Green Passport” – is a compulsory registration of all potentially hazardous components and materials in a ship’s construction. The document accompanies a ship throughout its life and enables safer and more environmentally-friendly decommissioning at the end of its sailing days.

Metizoft has acquired a good reputation in the sector which has enabled it to attract an increasing number of international clients. Gry Cecilie says that having clients outside Norway improves the company’s prospects, particularly given the fluctuations in international trade. She also gets a lot of satisfaction from Metizoft’s global potential. The company’s international expansion has been supported by advice from Innovation Norway, the Norwegian government instrument for innovation and development.

**What was the biggest obstacle to doing business overseas?**

Starting up in a new market is always more expensive than you anticipate at first.

**Do you have any tips for doing business overseas?**

Don’t “travel” alone. If you can establish a business with other companies in the same sector, you can share tasks such as market research, making local contacts, booking meetings and travel arrangements. It also means that you’ll have someone to spar with!

**What advice would you give to entrepreneurs who are thinking about overseas expansion?**

Gain an in-depth knowledge of the country you want to do business in and draw up a good strategy. Talk to those in your business network – they’ve normally made mistakes along the way but you don’t have to copy all of them!

**For me, the best thing about being an entrepreneur is...**

...to be in a position where it’s legal to have a vision and think big and at the same time, to make some of those personal moon landings!
Company name: Laboratorium “LRM”
Products/Services: Civil engineering
Start-up year: 1991
Number of employees: 4
Key markets: Southeast Asia, Turkey, Chile

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www.lrm-nde.com
ul. Bazancia 28, 32-083 Szczycisce, Poland
Although Roman Martyna launched his LRM laboratory in 1991, the foundations were laid over a decade earlier with his doctoral thesis on magnetic rope testing. He maintained his interest in the subject during the following years, working on a new magnetic testing system for wire rope and tubing.

This resulted in the creation of the LRM XXI Diagnostic System and its supporting technology. The system is acknowledged by experts as a world leader in use of the magnetic flux leakage (MFL) testing method for steel wire and rubber ropes, conveyor belts and steel tubes. LRM also provides training and certification in practical application of the method.

Roman’s technology has been used on bridges, chairlifts, floating cranes and shipping platforms in 15 countries in Europe and across the globe. Over 80% of LRM’s turnover comes from international business, with key international markets including Southeast Asia, Turkey and Chile. Along with his many patents, recognition of Roman’s work has come through the award of a gold medal in the Eureka competition in Brussels and a distinction in the 2007 Innovator Malopolski contest.

**What is the specific quality that distinguishes your product or service from its competitors?**

My clients say that the LRM XXI Diagnostic System uses the most advanced and most innovative technology in the world for the testing of wire rope.

**Your biggest achievement or something you are proud of?**

That my son Maciej has followed in my footsteps and joined me in the business of wire rope testing to pass his knowledge on to younger generations.

**Entrepreneurs are important to society because...**

... the technology and innovation that drives entrepreneurs shouldn’t just stay in laboratories and universities. It should be made available to the public.

**For me, the best thing about being an entrepreneur is...**

...having the freedom to do what I want and getting the chance to meet people from all over the world who share my interests.

Roman Martyna
Purificação Tavares

Company name: CGC Genetics (Centro Genética Clinica e Patologia S.A.)
Products/Services: Genetic testing services
Start-up year: 1992
Number of employees: 58
Key markets: Europe, Middle East, North America, South America

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“Every achievement was once considered impossible”

As a professor of genetics, Purificação Tavares decided to use her expertise to start up CGC Genetics, a genetic testing services business. She has subsequently worked to convince international clients that early disease detection and prevention through molecular genetic testing can reduce healthcare costs.

Difficulty in establishing relationships with physicians and hospitals abroad and convincing them to use a Portuguese genetics laboratory initially presented barriers to CGC’s international expansion. However, the company maintained its focus on the quality of its services and its pricing and offered long-term technical and scientific support to clients. As a result CGC now has customers in Asia, the Middle East and the United States, including some of the most prestigious health institutions in the world.

Assistance from a number of Portuguese government bodies helped Purificação to develop her business. AICEP (which provides support to Portuguese companies abroad), AEP (the Chamber of Commerce and Industry), IAPMEI (which assists SMEs with their growth strategies), and COTEC (which promotes the competitiveness of companies established in Portugal) have all supported CGC.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs who are seeking to expand overseas?

It’s not been easy, but it can be done. We have continuously invested our turnover in research and development. You must be prepared for hurdles and unexpected surprises. Plan well and don’t forget to make the most of the learning process throughout the journey.

What is the best way to go about doing business overseas?

Develop genetic tests that are valuable to clinicians and can be useful to us all. Provide the best service and exceed clients’ expectations. Focus on stipulating turn-around times for testing samples and offering client support.

What has been the best thing about expanding overseas?

Getting to know the amazing people with whom we work across the globe. I have also learnt about other cultures and traditions and how these influence applied medicine and management decisions.

And you, how would you generate a business idea and start a new business?
Ingrid Vlasov

Company name: SC Ingrid Vlasov SRL
Products/Services: Contemporary luxury fashion
Start-up year: 1997
Number of employees: 20
Key markets: France, Italy, USA, Saudi Arabia, South Korea

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www.ingridvlasov.com
Sos.Pacurari nr.88, 700514 Iași, Romania
The political and social changes in Romania in December 1989 created new opportunities for entrepreneurs and Ingrid Vlasov made the most of this. After studying fashion design at the European Institute of Design in Rome, Ingrid established her own label in 1997 and subsequently become one of the best-known names in Romanian fashion.

The showing of Ingrid's spring/summer collection on the Paris catwalk in 2009 marked the brand's launch on the international ready-to-wear fashion scene and led to a stream of orders. It is the first Romanian fashion brand to have won over international markets and Ingrid's garments have featured widely in publications such as Vogue, Elle and L'Officiel. They have also been worn to events by trend-setters such as pop star Lady Gaga.

Ingrid's creations are an interpretation of the "contemporary luxury" style, combining femininity and modernity, along with considerable attention to detail. She says that her brand's success lies in its uniqueness which has emerged from "the intertwining of tradition with a passion for design". Online sales of her collections have led to further expansion of the label's customer base.

What were the biggest obstacles and challenges you faced in doing business overseas?

The principal challenges I faced concerned the need to adapt quickly and make changes at critical moments.

What is your advice to entrepreneurs considering overseas expansion?

You must be confident in your own abilities but at the same time very careful. It is vital to evaluate all the risks before starting out.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

In my case, the best way was to identify the most suitable markets for my collections.

What has been the best thing about expanding overseas?

The brand's increased international visibility has led to constant growth and business development.

Your biggest achievement or something you are proud of...

The fact that we are the first ever Romanian fashion brand to have successfully accessed the international market, not only from a commercial point of view but also as regards the recognition we have received from the press and customers.
Slobodan Raketić

Company name: Elex Commerce
Products/Services: Development, design and production of machines for production of radioisotopes
Start-up year: 2001
Number of employees: 8
Key markets: Belgium, Germany, Switzerland, Turkey, Australia

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Having worked for a long time as a technical manager with a big state-owned company, Slobodan Raketić decided to start up the Elex Commerce company in pursuit of personal career satisfaction. Overcoming prejudice against Serbian technology has been a vital part of the company’s development and its radionuclide and radiopharmaceutical production equipment is now sold worldwide.

Collaboration with the physics laboratory at the Vinča Institute of Nuclear Science in Belgrade has made a real difference to Elex’s growth. Slobodan also cites the outstanding role played by Dr. Jožef Čomor, in charge of development and production, in expanding the company.

Slobodan believes that the best way of entering international markets is to pinpoint a product for which demand is high and find a reliable local partner to help sales in the target market. The company currently depends on its overseas customers as its devices have not yet been sold in Serbia. Gaining a foothold in his home country will make Slobodan especially proud as it will be a further affirmation of Serbia’s progress in providing healthcare for its citizens.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs who are seeking international expansion?

I would advise them to be persistent, to pursue excellence and not be afraid of making mistakes, as you learn from them!

What is your biggest achievement so far?

I am proud of cooperating successfully with clever and capable people. While we are a small company, we have become highly reputable.

Do you have a motto?

Neither state, nor political party, nor religion can bring happiness to man. Man alone can bring happiness to himself.

Entrepreneurs are important to society because...

...the more successful entrepreneurs there are in a society, the more successful a society becomes!
Kersti Kempe

Company name: Popomax AB
Products/Services: Reflective accessories
Start-up year: 2002
Number of employees: 10
Key markets: Japan, Norway, Finland

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With little winter daylight, Nordic countries have always encouraged their citizens to wear personal reflectors so they can be seen in the dark. The range of soft, easy-to-wear products designed by Popomax is now setting markets around the world alight. Kersti Kempe left her job with a big company 10 years ago to start the company with co-founder, Ewa Romö. She followed her own intuition in taking the plunge to launch a business, driven by a desire to work the hours she wished and make her own decisions.

The Glimmis® reflector, Popomax’s bestselling product, is the market leader in Sweden and can be found in retail outlets worldwide. Many other manufacturers have tried to copy it, but have not succeeded in matching its quality, says Kersti. The trendy reflectors have also won over the Japanese market. “Our presence in Japan has opened up new business opportunities in other parts of the world,” says the entrepreneur.

A six-month start-up grant was provided by the Swedish Public Employment Service to the company. Further support came from Swedish enterprise agencies to develop strategies and draw up marketing plans.

What have been the biggest obstacles to doing business overseas?

Handling the credit risks and agreeing on payment terms in unfamiliar countries. An awareness of cultural differences has facilitated communication and business agreements.

Do you have any advice for entrepreneurs who are seeking to expand overseas?

Start with a market similar to your domestic market. Acknowledge the differences in each market and tailor your products to it. Don’t be afraid of taking chances, but keep the risks low so that you don’t jeopardise your company.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

For a small company, I think it’s best to go through a distributor rather than set up a subsidiary. Knowledge of both the market and trends in individual countries is vital. Another factor contributing to success is hands-on involvement in the day-to-day running of a company.

Could you build a new business idea based on this entrepreneur’s enterprise?

Kersti Kempe
Petra Marko

Company name: ExtravaDansa
Products/Services: Creative arts/entertainment
Start-up year: 2002
Number of employees: 6 and 34 full-time dancers, choreographers, designers and tailors
Key markets: Italy, Austria, UAE

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“I wanted to be amongst those entrepreneurs who build their enterprise on their own without any external support,” says Petra Marko. ExtravaDansa, the company she set up 10 years ago, hires out dancers for every occasion as well as specialising in costume rental and design.

As a first year economics student, Petra had business acumen to start up on her own. “If you are open-minded, there are plenty of opportunities everywhere. The most important thing is to be active,” she says. “With an executive team and skilful local managers, I am ready to take on any market.” In creative arts, there are fewer language barriers to overcome in doing business overseas.

ExtravaDansa’s success is based on employing the very best, most talented and beautiful people. Its services are reliable and reasonably priced, explains Petra. She is especially proud of being in a position to give her team of dancers, choreographers, designers and tailors their dream jobs.

What is your advice to entrepreneurs seeking expansion?

Study legislation in any given market: a mistake could be costly, not only in monetary terms but also through loss of reputation.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

Whether at home or abroad, the same principles apply: listen to your critics, always strive to do better, work hard and take responsibility for your own decisions and the consequences of those decisions. You must watch, listen and try, but never give up!

What was the best thing about expanding overseas?

Without the international side of our business, we wouldn’t be able to offer the same quality and range of services. Our company has only grown to its present size because we are active in several markets.

The best thing about being an entrepreneur is...

...to be able to create and realise all my crazy ideas without needing permission from anyone above me. I love what I do!

Why do you think this entrepreneur has been internationally successful?

Petra Marko
Rok Uršič

Company name: Instrumentation Technologies, d.d
Products/Services: Supplier of beam stabilisation processors for particle accelerators
Start-up year: 1998
Number of employees: 43
Key markets: EU, Australia, China, Japan, South Korea

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www.i-tech.si
Velika pot 22, 5250 Solkan, Slovenia
Following almost a decade as an engineer working on particle accelerators in Europe and the USA, Rok Uršič felt ready to launch his own company. He thus set up Instrumentation Technologies in Solkan, Slovenia in 1998 to develop beam stabilisation processors for particle accelerators using state-of-the-art technology.

Over the years, Rok’s team have strengthened their knowledge of specification drafting, project management, industrialisation of prototypes, series manufacturing and quality control, among other things and their products are now used by scientists worldwide. The product range has also expanded, with many Instrumentation Technologies processors developed in collaboration with the laboratories of prominent scientific institutions. In addition, the company’s portfolio of Libera processors is used in some of the world’s most advanced accelerators.

Instrumentation Technologies is part of the oPAC (Optimisation of Particle Accelerators) network supported by the 7th EU Framework Programme. The company has also received R&D and marketing support from local funding sources, as well as national and EU funding aimed at boosting development and supporting recruitment of talented young engineers.

What is your advice to entrepreneurs who are considering international expansion?

Decide on your target market and identify where you have a competitive advantage. If that advantage is on a global scale, think big. Find out how to get noticed, work on your brand and contact prospective customers, either directly or through a trusted partner.

What is the best way of doing business overseas?

I think it depends on the type of market that the company is in. In my experience, you have to establish relationships with customers based on trust and then prove that you are committed to doing business abroad in the long term.

What has been the best thing about expanding your business overseas?

Our overseas expansion has substantially increased the company’s revenue and at the same time, it has diversified risk by minimising the effects of local macro-economic fluctuations.

Entrepreneurs are important to society because...

...they constantly challenge the status quo, inspire others and create many new jobs.
Company name: Helvacizade Food, Pharma and Chemistry Inc.
Products/Services: Food, pharmaceutical and chemical production
Start-up year: 1888
Number of employees: 220
Key markets: USA, Japan, Norway, Australia, Sweden

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Zade Vegetable Oil Refineries Plant, Organize Sanayi Bölgesi, Güzel Konak Sok. No: 8-10, 42300 Konya, Turkey
Dr. Mevlüt Büyükelvacıgil began his career with the Helvacızade food company, the business set up by his grandfather in 1888. In 1988, the family decided to begin producing edible oils and Mevlüt oversaw the building of the Zade refinery which opened in 1991.

From the outset, Mevlüt stressed quality control and the plant included a laboratory which has conducted research in collaboration with universities and developed new products. Zade uses ecologically sound material for production, fuel and packaging. It has also been recognised for its high food safety standards and corporate social responsibility. Mevlüt extended the plant in 2005 with the construction of a second refinery.

Zade launched its Naturel range of organic cold-pressed oils and flavoured extra virgin oil in 2008. In 2009, Mevlüt transformed the Helvacızade food company into Helvacızade Food Pharma Chemicals, beginning production of Zade Vital herbal supplements and medicines. Today, the firm’s products are exported to 70 countries and international business accounts for some 40% of turnover. Over the last three years, the volume of exports has increased by 83% and foreign trade revenue has reached 60 million dollars.

What were your biggest challenges when doing business abroad?

Our products are nutraceutical and the main obstacle was finding the right partner. Getting the right partner brings sustainability and helps our products to be successful.

Were there any national, regional, or local support services, programmes or funding that made a difference?

Zade Vital is an example of co-operation between industry and academia. It was developed in cooperation with the Aegean University Drug Development and Pharmacokinetics Research and Application Centre.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs considering international expansion?

Aim to manufacture in accordance with globally accepted standards. Always focus on the consumer and develop products and services by identifying consumer needs in different markets.

Your biggest achievement or something you are proud of...

We are most proud of our Zade Vital range as with this we have introduced a strong Turkish brand to the dietary supplements market.

And you, how would you generate a business idea and start a new business?
Rami Ranger

Company name: Sun Mark Ltd.
Products/Services: Food production, product marketing and distribution
Start-up year: 1995
Number of employees: 80
Key markets: Africa 53%, Asia 14%, Americas 3%, Middle East 4%, Europe 24%
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In setting up a food product marketing and distribution company, Rami Ranger took inspiration from Colonel Sanders, founder of the US fast-food chain, Kentucky Fried Chicken (KFC) who was over the age of 60 when he started out in business.

Without any help from government bodies or any other organisation, Rami began his business from a rented shed with capital of just two pounds sterling (€2.40) and a £40 (€48) typewriter. Seventeen years on, the key to its global success is the excellent quality of its services and products, coupled with competitive prices. “Those who cannot compete in terms of quality, service and price cannot expect to remain in business for long,” he says.

Sun Mark runs a global distribution network for some of the United Kingdom’s famous food brands. It also manufactures its own range of quality value-for-money products. In carving out overseas markets, the company has overcome rules and regulations governing customs clearance, particularly in emerging nations where red tape is common, says Rami. Knowledge of local customs and tastes in individual markets has also played a part in the company’s growth in other countries. Rami advises budding entrepreneurs with foreign ambitions to avoid currency fluctuations and shy away from political instability.

A mark of Sun Mark’s success is that it is the only British company to have gained three consecutive Queen’s Awards for Enterprise in International Trade.

What advice would you give to entrepreneurs who are considering expanding overseas?

It is important to merge and acquire, or build a strategic alliance with local companies. To save time and costs, local knowledge of the market is important. Remember that in sharing profit with others, you share work and double your strength.

What is the best way of expanding a business overseas?

Hidden talent is no talent, so exhibit at trade shows in other countries. You have to sell more and to more people in countries where you want to do business, assisted by local partners. Face-to-face meetings with potential customers are also an important part of building trust and creating lasting business relationships.

What has been the best thing about expanding overseas?

It is always wise not to put all your eggs in one basket; similarly, it is also wise to do business in as many countries as possible in order to insulate oneself from the economic turmoil and political unrest of a particular country.
Develop Your Own Business Idea
Becoming an entrepreneur: are you ready to take on the challenge?

1. **YOU**

Are you dreaming of becoming an entrepreneur?

List 5 reasons why you want to become an entrepreneur. Then, ask yourself:

- What do I want from my company?
- What do I want to achieve?
- What changes will I need to make in my life-style to become an entrepreneur?

Do you have what it takes to be an entrepreneur? What do you still have to learn?

Ask yourself the following:

- Can I successfully manage my time and work on a daily basis?
- What business knowledge do I have?
- Am I a good negotiator?
- Do I have good people skills?
- Am I prepared to work hard and put long hours into building my enterprise?
- Can I assess and manage risk?
- Do I have the drive to get things done?

2. **YOUR IDEA**

What is your business idea about? What makes it unique? What do you need to make it work?

Some key questions you should ask yourself:

- What product/service do I want to sell?
- How is it different from or better than products/services currently on the market?
- What needs does my product/service fulfil and/or what problems does it solve?
- How much would customers be willing to pay?
- Who are my competitors, how many are there and what are their strengths and weaknesses?
- Is my business idea sustainable in the long term?
- Could my product/service be replaced or made obsolete by another product/service?
- Why am I the right person to offer this product/service?
- What information or skills do I still need to complete or fine-tune my business idea?
Test your business idea and develop a sustainable business model.

Before you start writing your business plan, think hard about what your business should look like.

Take the business model canvas in this brochure and write down your aspirations and ideas. Maybe you have friends or potential business partners you want to consult? As soon the first ideas come to mind, write them down, sketching or synthesizing your ideas using board markers or sticky notes.

Once you have noted all your ideas on paper, test them for feasibility. Research your market thoroughly and consult as many stakeholders as possible. For example: talk to businesspeople, potential customers, shop owners, providers of raw materials, technicians, researchers, lawyers, financial advisers and local or regional business support networks. Finding yourself a mentor is also a good idea.

To further test the viability of your business idea, perform a SWOT analysis: make a list identifying the Strengths and Weaknesses of your business and consider any Opportunities and Threats in the market that could support or limit your growth potential and/or profitability.
What support can you get from Europe?

Are you looking for help to set up or expand your enterprise? The European Commission assists small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) through networks and business support measures, such as:

**The Enterprise Europe Network**
The Enterprise Europe Network offers support and advice to European SMEs. The Network is made up of around 600 partner organisations in 50 countries. It is Europe’s largest business and technology network. Partners include chambers of commerce, enterprise agencies, regional development organisations, research institutes, universities, technology centres and innovation centres. Strongly rooted in local communities and regions across Europe, the Network provides information on EU legislation and funding, helps companies find business partners, especially in other countries, and offers advice on how to develop an innovative idea.

To find out more, visit [http://www.enterprise-europe-network.ec.europa.eu](http://www.enterprise-europe-network.ec.europa.eu)

**Erasmus for Young Entrepreneurs**
Erasmus for Young Entrepreneurs is a cross-border exchange programme which gives new or aspiring entrepreneurs the chance to learn from experienced entrepreneurs running small businesses in other European Union countries. The exchange of experience takes place during a stay with the experienced entrepreneur, which helps the new entrepreneur acquire the skills needed to run a small firm and get to know the market of another European country. The host benefits from fresh perspectives on his/her business and gets the opportunities to cooperate with foreign partners or learn about new markets. The stay is partially funded by the European Union.

To find out more, visit: [http://www.erasmus-entrepreneurs.eu](http://www.erasmus-entrepreneurs.eu)

**Access to Finance**
The Commission is helping small businesses to overcome financial market weaknesses, mostly by working together with various financial institutions to provide them with funding. The goal is to increase the opportunities for small businesses to obtain finance from banks, guarantee providers and venture capital funds.

To find out more, visit: [http://www.access2finance.eu](http://www.access2finance.eu)

**The European Progress Microfinance Facility (EPMF)**
The EPMF provides microcredit to small and micro-enterprises, and to people who have lost their jobs and want to start their own small businesses.

European Small Business Portal
Do you want to find out what the EU does to boost small businesses in Europe and on the global market, and what it can do for your business? This portal gathers together all the information provided by the EU on and for SMEs, ranging from practical advice to policy issues, from local contact points to networking links.

To find out more, visit: http://ec.europa.eu/small-business

Your Europe Business
Your Europe Business portal gives individuals and businesses practical information on their rights and opportunities in the EU as a whole and in the individual Member States, including information on national funding opportunities.

To find out more, visit: http://ec.europa.eu/youreurope/business

Women Entrepreneurship Portal
The Commission has set up this portal specifically devoted to the promotion of women’s entrepreneurship. This women’s entrepreneurship portal aims at providing links to the websites of women entrepreneurs’ representative organisations, networks, projects and events that relate to the promotion of female entrepreneurship.

To find out more, visit: http://j.mp/womenentrepreneurship

Network of Mentors for Women Entrepreneurs
The Mentors Network provides advice and support to women entrepreneurs on the start-up, running and growth of their enterprises in the early phase of their life. The network covers 17 European countries.

To find out more, visit: http://j.mp/enmwe-contact
What value will you deliver to your customers? What needs will you satisfy or what problems will you solve? What will you do better than your competitors?

How will you reach your customers, e.g. via supermarkets, department stores, specialised retailers, the internet, sales representatives…?

What are your core operations or tasks? How do you have to run them to make your business successful?

What physical, human and financial resources do you need? Where will you get them? At what prices / conditions?
Who are your customers? Can you categorise them into segments? What type of relationship do you want to establish with them?

How will you promote your products/services? How will you communicate with your customers? What will be your key messages?

What knowledge / skills / experience will your staff / partners need to have?

What are the most important costs to operate your business? What are customers willing to pay? How soon will you make a profit? How much cash flow do you need?
ENTERPRISE & INDUSTRY MAGAZINE

The Enterprise & Industry online magazine (http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/magazine) – covers issues related to SMEs, innovation, entrepreneurship, the single market for goods, competitiveness and environmental protection, industrial policies across a wide range of sectors, and more.

The printed edition of the magazine is published three times a year. You can subscribe online (http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/magazine/print-edition/subscription) – to receive it – in English, French, German or Italian - free of charge by post.

European SME Week 2012:
http://ec.europa.eu/sme-week

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http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/sme/promoting-entrepreneurship/erasmus-entrepreneurs

Enterprise Europe Network:
http://www.enterprise-europe-network.ec.europa.eu

European Small Business Portal:
http://ec.europa.eu/small-business

Your Europe Portal:
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